إختبار مادة الجراحة سنة سادسة الدفعة 37

أعمال السنة

1. Cold abscess treatment

A) Anti-TB drugs

B) Incision & drainage

C) Thick needle aspiration

D) ..... with a thick bore needle

2. Warfarin all are true except :

A) Safe in pregnancy

B) Treat DVT

C) ... → Used in atrial fibrillation

D) ... → Monitor by INR

3. Midline neck mass except

A) Branchial cyst

B) Dermoid cyst

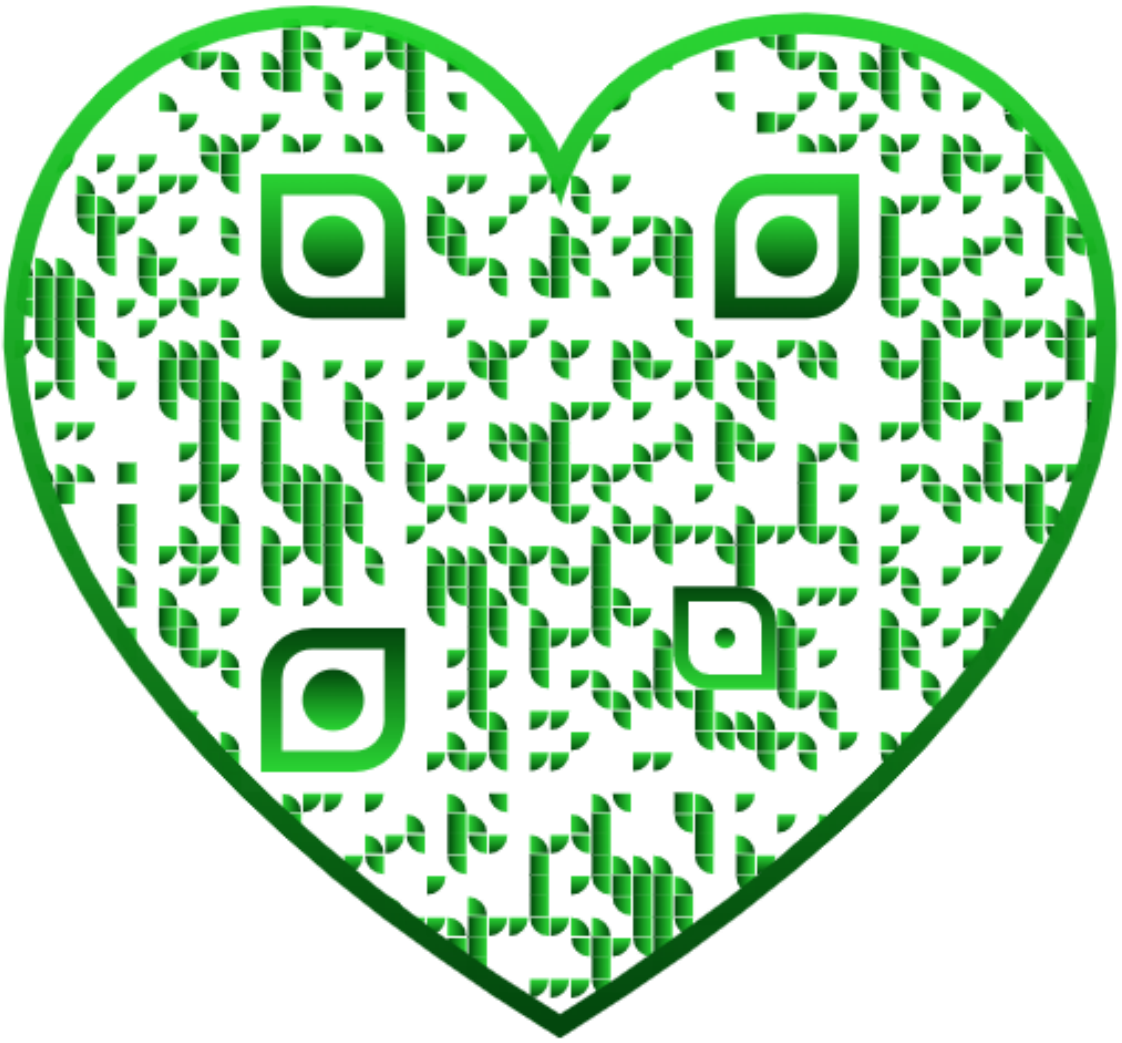
C) Thyroglossal cyst

D) Swelling of thyroid isthmus

4. Lateral neck mass except

A) Cold abscess at the site of burns

B) Carotid body tumor



C) Sternomastoid tumor

D) Carotid aneurysm

5. Indicates severe injury

A) First rib fracture

B) Second rib fracture

C) Third rib fracture

D) Fourth rib fracture

6. Best to diagnose lung cancer

A) PET

B) CT-guided FNAC

C) Bronchoscopy

D) Chest CT scan

7. Lymphedema complication except

A) Lymphoma

B) Lymphosarcoma

C) Lymphorrhea

D) Lymphangitis

8. A 25 years old has right cervical lymph node and left inguinal lymph nodes, splenomegaly, fever and weight loss. His staging of Hodgkin's lymphoma

A) III B S

B) III A S

C) I

D) II B

9. Prostatic cancer spread to all except

A) Mediastinal lymph nodes

B) Porta hepatis nodes

C) Internal iliac

D) External iliac

10. CABG best done for

A) LAD

B) Left coronary artery

C) Right coronary artery

D) Circumflex artery

11. Signs of increased intracranial pressure except

A) Neck stiffness

B) Nausea and vomiting

C) Blurred vision

D) Headache

12. Radial pulse absent except

A) Raynaud disease

B) Embolism at radial artery

C) Takayasu arteritis

D) Atherosclerosis block

13. Best method to keep airway in multitrauma unconscious alcoholic

A) Tracheostomy

B) Oropharyngeal airway

C) Cuffed endotracheal tube

D) Non of the above

14. Trauma patient SBP 80 despite resuscitation — next step

A) Secure airway

B) IV Ringer Lactate

C) Blood transfusion

D) FAST exam

15. Not included in ABCD of primary survey

A) Blood transfusion

B) Maintain airway

C) Breathing

D) Circulation

16. Most serious complication of open fracture

A) Infection

B) Hemorrhage

C) Malunion

D) Compartment syndrome

17. Battle’s sign

A) Middle cranial fossa

B) Posterior cranial fossa

C) Anterior cranial fossa

D) Fracture of mastoid

18. Fastest induction agent

A) Propofol

B) Morphine

C) Fentanyl

D) Thiopental

19. Epidural anesthesia leading to bradycardia due to

A) Sympathetic block

B) Increased vagal tone

C) Hypoxia

D) Vasodilation

20. Antidote of benzodiazepines

A) Flumazenil

B) Naloxone

C) Physostigmine

D) Atropine

21. Fracture neck of femur with AVN

A) Replacement with prosthesis

B) Internal fixation

C) External fixation

D) Conservative cast (Pica)

22. All are x-ray features of osteosarcoma except :

A) Multicystic lesion on X-ray

B) Sun ray appearance

C) Codman triangle

D) Pathological fracture

23. Galeazzi fracture

A) Distal radial fracture with DRUJ dislocation

B) Proximal radial fracture

C) Middle radius with SRUJ dislocation

D) Proximal ulna fracture

24. All occur in disc prolapse except

A) Extensor plantar reflex

B) Lasegue sign

C) Weakness of big toe

D) Diminsh ankle reflex

25. Best way to diagnose bladder injury

A) Cystogram

B) Cystoscope

C) CT cystography

D) Retrograde urethrogram

26. Ectopia vesica all correct except

A) Hypospadias

B) Epispadias

C) Absence of anterior abdominal wall

D) Bladder exstrophy

27. Lipodermatosclerosis in venous ulcer due to :

A) Fibrin cuffs around dermal capillaries

B) Inflammation

C) Activation of trapped neutrophils

D) Fat necrosis

28. Supracondylar fracture most common occurs in ：

A) Children

B) Osteoporotic women

C) Adults

D) Elderly

29. Fresh, clean ,peripheral nerve injury — best treatment

A) Immediate approximation and repair

B) Delayed repair

C) Exploration after 3 days

D) Conservative treatment

30. Epidural hematoma caused by

A) Middle meningeal artery

B) Middle cerebral artery

C) Circle of Willis

D) Internal carotid artery

31. Chest tube placement — all except

A) Above 10th rib

B) Mid-axillary line

C) Posterior border of pectoralis major

D) Anterior border of latissimus dorsi

32. Eisenmenger syndrome caused by all except

A) Aortic valve stenosis

B) Patent ductus arteriosus

C) VSD

D) ASD

33. Crush syndrome all true except

A) Chronic renal failure

B) Acute renal failure

C) Myoglobinuria

D) Rhabdomyolysis

34. FAST used in all the following except :

A) Perforation of colon

B) Hemopericardium

C) bood in Perisplenic

D) blood in Perihepatic

35. Torsion of testicle diagnosed by

A) Ultrasound

B) CT

C) Laparoscopy

D) MRI

36. Urinary tract TB originated from

A) Hematogenous from pulmonary focus

B) From previous bladder infection

C) Lymphatic spread

D) From ileocecal tuberculosis

37. Succinylcholine side effects all except

A) Tachycardia

B) Bradycardia

C) Hyperkalemia

D) Malignant hyperthermia

38. Joint most prone to dislocate

A. Knee

B. Ankle

C. Hip

D. Shoulder

39. Dorsalis pedis artery palpated at

A) Lateral to extensor hallucis longus

B) Medial to extensor hallucis longus

C) Between EHL and EDB

D) Over dorsum of foot

40. Diagnosis & treatment of inhaled foreign body involve all except

A) Lobectomy

B) X-ray

C) Fiber-optic bronchoscopy

D) Rigid bronchoscopy